## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)
Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Biology (4BI0) Paper 1B
Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1B

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2
Certificate
Biology (KBIO) Paper 1B Science (Double Award) (KSC0) Paper 1B

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| Question number | Answer |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | name of process | description of process |  | 5 |
|  | ingestion; | food enters the mouth |  |  |
|  | digestion | break down large molecules / large molecules to small molecules / insoluble to soluble molecules; |  |  |
|  | absorption; | small molecules move from small intestine into the blood |  |  |
|  | assimilation / <br> synthesis; | small food molecules are used to build large molecules |  |  |
|  | egestion | removal of undigested food / faeces / waste from anus; |  |  |
| (b) | 1. amylase; <br> 2. starch; <br> 3. maltose / glucose <br> 4. physical digestion | chanical digestion / che | ignore carbohydrase | 3 |
| (c) | (yes) A is starch; $B$ is glucose; |  | max 1 if A starch and B glucose but say no one is starch and one is glucose $=1$ mark | 2 |

(Total for Question $1=10$ marks)

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \text { (a) (i) }$ | $250 \text { 000; }$ <br> $32 ;$ allow one mark for 80000 in working |  | 1 2 |
| (b) | 1. rare / random; <br> 2. change / damage / eq; <br> 3. DNA / gene / allele / genetic code / eq; | random change in cells $=2$ | 2 |
| (c) | 1. less surface area; <br> 2. slower diffusion / less diffusion / less gas exchange; <br> 3. less oxygen / less carbon dioxide; | ignore less room allow converse for X | 2 |
| (d) | 1. blocked / narrowed / clogged / eq; <br> 2. coronary artery; <br> 3. clot; <br> 4. fat / cholesterol; <br> 5. less blood to heart; <br> 6. less oxygen / less oxygenated; <br> 7. muscle (cells); <br> 8. less respiration / anaerobic respiration; <br> 9. lactic acid / angina; <br> 10. heart attack / heart stops / cardiac arrest / eq; |  | 5 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) | 1. total decreased; <br> 2. high and middle altitude decreased; <br> 3. low altitude increased; |  | 3 |
| (b) (i) | 1. less growth / lower yield / smaller plants / eq; <br> 2. enzymes / reactions / kinetic energy / collisions / less photosynthesis / less respiration / eq; | allow converse for lower | 2 |
| (ii) | 1. (sun)light; <br> 2. minerals / named mineral; <br> 3. carbon dioxide; <br> 4. water / rain; | ignore sun <br>  <br> weather <br> soil pH <br>  <br> humidity <br>  <br>  <br> oxygen  <br>  fertiliser  <br>    | Max 2 |
| (c) | 1. weigh / use a balance / eq; <br> 2. repeat / several quadrats / calculate average; <br> 3. random / eq; <br> 4. scale / multiply / eq; | ignore measure mass / counting plants | Max 3 |

(Total for Question 3= 10 marks)

| Question number | Answer |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | event | stage |  |  |
|  | Cell division produces an embryo | 6; |  |  |
|  | An embryo is put into a surrogate mother | 7; |  |  |
|  | An egg cell is collected from a female sheep | 3; |  |  |
| (b) | C (R); |  |  | 1 |
| (c) | D ( P and R ); |  |  | 1 |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question number \& Answer \& Notes \& Marks \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
5 (a) (i) \\
(ii) \\
(iii)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
S - scale linear and half of both grids; \\
L - lines straight and through points; \\
A1 - axes correct way around - (altitude on x axis); \\
A2 - axes labelled: (mass of) haemoglobin in g per litre \\
and altitude/height in metres / eq; \\
P - correct plotting of all points; \\
1. level / no change (0 to 1000); \\
2. increase / eq; \\
1. more haemoglobin / more red blood cells; \\
2. (more) oxygen; \\
3. (more) respiration; \\
4. (more) energy / (more) ATP; \\
5. less lactic acid / oxygen debt / less anaerobic respiration;
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
lose S mark if axis for data for Hb not truncated max 3 for bar chart \\
the higher the altitude the higher the haemoglobin \(=1\) \\
idea of more must be evident once \\
not run faster
\end{tabular} \& 5

2
3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | 1. lower pressure / slower blood flow / less blood flow /eq; <br> 2. thinner wall; <br> 3. easier to see / nearer surface / easier to access / eq; <br> 4. wider lumen; <br> too small / eq; | allow will not spurt out allow converse for artery ignore one cell thick | 2 1 |
| (iii) | 1. no pathogens / bacteria / virus / microorganism / parasite / named virus / HIV / eq; <br> 2. infection / disease / illness / AIDS; | ignore sickness | 2 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 6 (a) | A - Dd / dD; <br> L- DD; | 2 |  |
| (b) | 11 / eleven; |  |  |
| (c) (i) | $0 /$ zero; <br> $50 ;$ |  |  |
| (ii) | 1. no fusion of recessive gametes / eq; <br> 2. random / probability / chance / luck / eq; <br> 3. no children who are dd / each child has at least <br> one dominant allele / eq; <br> 4. embryo selection / IVF / eq; | 2 |  |

(Total for Question $6=6$ marks)

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) | broad bean $\rightarrow$ aphic $\rightarrow$ lacewing / larvae ; | arrows correct; aphid in middle; ignore sun before bean and organisms beyond lacewing one for pyramid | 2 |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | 1. all aphids eaten / numbers fall to zero / remove all pest / eq; <br> 2. lacewings remain / lacewings reproduce more / eq; quicker / faster / shorter period of time to reduce aphid numbers / eq; | allow converse for hoverfly | 2 1 |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) | 1. disease / eq; <br> 2. plant availability / food ; <br> 3. competition; <br> 1. temperature / cold / heat; <br> 2. humidity / water / rain / snow / drought; <br> 3. (sun)light; <br> 4. pesticide / insecticide / pollution; | ignore reproduction / ignore predators <br> ignore wind / weather / climate change / sun ignore fertiliser / herbicide / $\mathrm{O}_{2} / \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ | 2 |


| Question <br> number | Answer |  | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | gametes; <br> sperm / male; <br> egg / female; <br> tail / flagellum / flagella; <br> meiosis; <br> testis / testes / testicles; <br> urethra; <br> oviduct / Fallopian tube; | reject penis / sperm duct |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | fungi / bacteria / Penicillium; <br> bacteria; | allow named correct organism | 1 1 |
| (b) | 1. mutation; <br> 2. variation; <br> 3. gene / allele / DNA; <br> 4. survive / not killed / eq; <br> 5. resistant; <br> 6. reproduce / multiply / replicate / breed / produce offspring / eq; <br> 7. pass on gene / allele / DNA; | allow resist <br> pass on resistance $=1$ <br> for resistance MP 5 only <br> pass on gene $=2=\mathrm{Mp} 3$ and Mp7 | 5 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 10 (a) | 1. named feeding level such as producer / <br> consumer; <br> 2. stage / position / place / level in food chain / <br> pyramid / food web / eq; | ignore herbivore / carnivore | 1 |
| (b) | 1. shape; <br> 2. order; <br> 3. names; | max 1 if food chain | 3 |
| (c) | 1. fewer caterpillars; <br> 2. fewer nettles / less food / eq; <br> 3. colder / less light / eq; <br> 4. become cocoon / pupa / butterfly / eq; | ignore hibernation |  |
| (d) | 1. energy loss / not all transferred / eq; <br> 2. respiration; <br> 3. excretion / urine; <br> 4. egestion / not digested / faeces / eq; <br> 5. not all of each organism eaten / eq; <br> 6. some organisms die / decompose / eq; <br> 7. movement; <br> 8. heat loss / thermoregulation / eq; | ignore heat loss in Mp 1 <br> ignore waste for Mp 3 and Mp 4 | 2 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | maintain/control/balance water/salt/concentration (of blood / of body / of cells) / eq; <br> lungs / skin / liver; | ignore detects | 1 |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | water / urea / salt / mineral / named ion / eq; <br> 1. large molecules / too big (to pass through); <br> 2. (ultra) filtration / pressure / eq; <br> 3. glomerulus / Bowman's capsule; <br> 4. stay in blood / eq; <br> 1. respiration / eq; <br> 2. energy / ATP; <br> 3. (selective) reabsorption / back into blood / eq; <br> 4. proximal convoluted tubule / first coiled tubule / eq; <br> 5. active transport / active uptake; | ignore nitrogen / phosphorus <br> not filtered out of blood $=2$ marks for MP4 and MP 2 <br> ignore absorbed alone | 1 3 3 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 (a) | 1. osmosis; <br> 2. dilute solution to concentrated solution / eq; <br> 3. root hair cells; <br> 4. xylem; <br> 5. transpiration / evaporation / diffusion of water from leaves; |  | 4 |
| (b) | ( named) mineral / mineral ion / salt / eq; | ignore nutrients / nitrogen / phosphorus | 1 |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) | water/air-tight / dry leaves / cut under water / cut stem at an angle / eq; <br> 1. wind + how varied / eq; ; eg fan at high and low speed <br> 2. light + how varied / eq; ; eg lamp close and far <br> 3. humidity + how varied / eq; ; eg clear plastic bag <br> 4. temp + how varied / eq; ; eg air conditioning / room thermostat | ignore safety glasses / prevent falling over / parallax <br> must state / describe method not just hot and cold room or light and dark <br> max 2 for conditions | 1 4 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | plasmid; <br> restriction / endonuclease; ligase; |  | 1 2 |
| (b) | C different temps / range of temps; <br> O same species / same bacteria / mass / <br> amount / number of bacteria; <br> R repeat; <br> M1 measure insulin; <br> M2 concentration / mass / volume; <br> S1 + S2 same pH / food / oxygen / time <br> period / type of fermenter / sterile / eq; ; | ignore light / carbon dioxide | 6 |

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